Introduced by Senator Lewis

February 24, 2000

An act to amend Sections 395 and 395.01 of the Military and Veterans Code, relating to veterans.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1950, as amended, Lewis. Military leave: inactive duty training.

Under existing law, a public employee who is a member of the reserve corps of the armed forces of the United States or of the National Guard or the Naval is entitled to a temporary military leave of absence for active military training, if certain requirements are met. The employee is entitled to receive his or her pay as a public employee for the first 30 days of the leave period, not to exceed 30 days in one fiscal year. Inactive duty training does not qualify for paid leave.

This bill would revise these provisions in conformity with recent changes in federal law to provide that inactive duty training also qualifies for paid leave. By requiring local government entities to provide these additional benefits to their employees, the bill imposes a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement, including the creation of a State Mandates Claims Fund to pay the costs of mandates that do

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not exceed \$1,000,000 statewide and other procedures for claims whose statewide costs exceed \$1,000,000.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to these statutory provisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1.

- 2 SEC. 2.
- 3 SECTION 1. Section 395 of the Military and Veterans 4 Code is amended to read:
- 395. Any public employee who is a member of the reserve corps of the armed forces of the United States or of the National Guard or the Naval Militia is entitled to a temporary military leave of absence as provided by federal law while engaged in military duty ordered for purposes of active military training, inactive duty training, encampment, naval cruises, special exercises or like activity, providing that the period of ordered duty does not exceed 180 calendar days, including time involved in going to and returning from that duty.
- The employee has an absolute right to be restored to 15 16 the former office or position and status formerly had by 17 him or her in the same locality and in the same office, 18 board, commission, agency, or institution of the public agency upon the termination of temporary military duty. 20 If the office or position has been abolished or otherwise 21 has ceased to exist during his or her absence, he or she shall be reinstated to a position of like seniority, status, 23 and pay if a position exists, or if no position exists the employee shall have the same rights and privileges that 25 he or she would have had if he or she had occupied the position when it ceased to exist and had not taken 26 temporary military leave of absence. 27
- Any public employee who has been in the service of the public agency from which the leave is taken for a period

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of not less than one year immediately prior to the date upon which a temporary military leave of absence begins, shall receive the same vacation, sick leave, and holiday rights privileges and the same and privileges continuance 5 promotion, in office, employment, reappointment to office, or reemployment that the employee would have enjoyed had he or she not been therefrom; excepting that an uncompleted probationary period, if any, in the public agency, must be 10 completed upon reinstatement as provided by law or rule of the agency. For the purposes of this section, in 12 determining the one year of service in a public agency all service of the employee in recognized military service 14 shall be counted as public agency service.

If this section is in conflict with a memorandum of reached to 16 understanding pursuant Chapter (commencing with Section 3560) of Division 4 of Title 1 Government Code. the memorandum be controlling 19 understanding shall without legislative action, except that if the memorandum of understanding requires the expenditure of funds, it shall not become effective unless approved by the Legislature in the annual Budget Act.

SEC. 3.

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SEC. 2. Section 395.01 of the Military and Veterans 26 Code is amended to read:

395.01. (a) Any public employee who is 28 temporary military leave of absence for military duty ordered for purposes of active military training, inactive 30 duty training, encampment, naval cruises, exercises, or like activity as such member, provided that 32 the period of ordered duty does not exceed 180 calendar days including time involved in going to and returning 34 from the duty, and who has been in the service of the public agency from which the leave is taken for a period 36 of not less than one year immediately prior to the day on 37 which the absence begins, is entitled to receive his or her salary or compensation as a public employee for the first 30 calendar days of any such absence. Pay for those purposes may not exceed 30 days in any one fiscal year. SB 1950

For the purposes of this section, in determining the one year of public agency service, all service of a public employee in the recognized military service shall be counted as public agency service. 5

(b) If the provisions of this section are in conflict with provisions of a memorandum of understanding reached pursuant to Chapter 12 (commencing Section 3560) of Division 4, of Title 1 of the Government 9 Code, the memorandum of understanding shall 10 controlling without further legislative action, except that 11 if such provisions of a memorandum of understanding 12 require the expenditure of funds, the provisions shall not 13 become effective unless approved by the Legislature in 14 the annual Budget Act.

SEC. 4.

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SEC. 3. Notwithstanding Section 17610 of 17 Government Code, if the Commission on State Mandates 18 determines that this act contains costs mandated by the reimbursement to local agencies 20 districts for those costs shall be made pursuant to Part 7 21 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 4 of Title 22 2 of the Government Code. If the statewide cost of the 23 claim for reimbursement does not exceed one million 24 dollars (\$1,000,000), reimbursement shall be made from 25 the State Mandates Claims Fund.